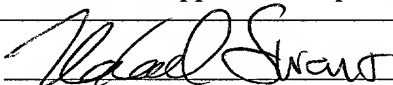


FORM PTO-1390 (REV 10-94)		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE		DOCKET #: 4925-199PUS
<p align="center">TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371</p>				
				<p align="center">U.S. APPLICATION NO. <i>If shown, see 37 CFR 1.51</i> 10/031417</p>
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO PCT/FI00/00657		INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 21 July 2000		PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 23 July 1999
<p>TITLE OF INVENTION Method and arrangement for determining the operating frequencies of base stations of an internal network</p>				
<p>APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Jukka SUONVIERI; Rauli PARKKALI</p>				
<p>Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:</p> <p>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371</p> <p>3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).</p> <p>4. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.</p> <p>5. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))</p> <p> a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).</p> <p> b. <input type="checkbox"/> has been transmitted by the International Bureau.</p> <p> c. <input type="checkbox"/> is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US)</p> <p>6. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).</p> <p>7. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))</p> <p> a. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). (See Reply to Written Opinion)</p> <p> b. <input type="checkbox"/> have been transmitted by the International Bureau.</p> <p> c. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.</p> <p> d. <input type="checkbox"/> have not been made and will not be made.</p> <p>8. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).</p> <p>9. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). Unexecuted</p> <p>10. <input type="checkbox"/> A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).</p> <p>Items 11. to 16. Below concern other document(s) or information included:</p> <p>11. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.</p> <p>12. <input type="checkbox"/> An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.</p> <p>13. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A FIRST preliminary amendment.</p> <p> <input type="checkbox"/> A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment.</p> <p>14. <input type="checkbox"/> A substitute specification.</p> <p>15. <input type="checkbox"/> A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.</p> <p>16. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other items or information (<i>specify</i>): PCT Publication Sheet, Int'l Preliminary Examination Report, Written Opinion, Reply to Written Opinion, Int'l Search Report, PCT Request, PCT Demand, and Letter to WIPO Concerning Merger.</p>				

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5) 10/031417		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/FI00/00657		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 4925-199PUS	
17.[x]The following fees are submitted:					
Basic National Fee (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)): Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO\$890.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482).....\$710.00 No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)).....\$740.00 Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO\$1040.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4)\$100.00					
ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =				\$	890
Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).				\$	
Claims	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate		
Total Claims	17 - 20 =		x \$18.00	\$	
Independent Claims	2 - 3 =		x \$84.00	\$	
Multiple dependent claim(s) (if applicable)			+ \$280.00	\$	
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$	890
Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable.				\$	
SUBTOTAL =				\$	890
Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).				\$	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$	890
Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by the appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31). \$40.00 per property				\$	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED				\$	890
Amount to be refunded:				\$	
charged:				\$	
a. [x] One check in the amount of \$ <u>890</u> to cover the above fees is/are enclosed. b. <input type="checkbox"/> Please charge my Deposit Account No. <u>03-2412</u> in the amount of \$ _____ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed. c. [x] The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. <u>03-2412</u> . A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.					
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.					
SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO: <u>Michael C. Stuart</u> Cohen, Pontani, Lieberman & Pavane 551 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1210 New York, New York 10176			 <u>Michael C. Stuart</u> Registration Number: <u>35,698</u> January 16, 2002 Tel: (212) 687-2770		

By Express Mail # EV052763405US · January 16, 2002

Attorney Docket # 4925-199PUS

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re National Phase PCT Application of

Jukka SUONVIERI et al.

International Appln. No.: PCT/FI00/00657

International Filing Date: 21 July 2000

For: Method and arrangement for determining the
operating frequencies of base stations of an
internal network

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Washington, D.C. 20231

BOX PCT

S I R:

Prior to examination of the above-identified application please amend the
application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Referring to Specification as amended by the Response (dated 17 September, 2001) to the
Written Opinion:

Page 1, before line 4, the paragraph beginning with "The invention relates", insert the
following title:

--FIELD OF THE INVENTION--.

Page 1, before line 11, the paragraph beginning with "A problem with", insert the following title:

--BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION--.

Page 1, before line 25, the paragraph beginning with "It is an objective of ", insert the following title:

--SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION--.]

Page 3, delete line 11, the paragraph beginning "Preferred embodiments".

Page 3, before line 12, the paragraph beginning with "In the following", insert the following paragraph and title:

-- Other objects and features of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description considered in conjunction with the accompanying drawings. It is to be understood, however, that the drawings are intended solely for purposes of illustration and not as a definition of the limits of the invention, for which reference should be made to the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS--.

Page 3, before line 25, the paragraph beginning with "Figures 1A and 1B", insert the following title:

--DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PRESENTLY PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS--

Page 9, after the last line, insert the following paragraph:

--Thus, while there have been shown and described and pointed out fundamental novel features of the present invention as applied to a preferred embodiment thereof, it will be understood that various omissions and substitutions and changes in the form and details of the devices described and illustrated, and in their operation, and of the methods described may be made by those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit of the present invention. For example, it is expressly intended that all combinations of those elements and/or method steps which perform substantially the same function in substantially the same way to achieve the same results are within the scope of the invention. Substitutions of elements from one described embodiment to another are also fully intended and contemplated. It is the intention, therefore, to be limited only as indicated by the scope of the claims appended hereto.--.

Page 10, line 1, delete "Claims" and insert therefor --What is claimed is:--.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Referring to the claims as amended by the Response (dated 17 September 2001) to the Written Opinion:

Amend claims 1 and 12 to read as follows:

1. A method for redetermining the operating frequencies of base stations of an internal network, which is a first cellular radio network or a part of a first cellular radio network, when the operating conditions of the internal network have changed, characterized in that the redetermination of the operating frequencies is performed on the basis of a frequency measurement performed for an earlier determination and information about a frequency plan of an external network, which is a second cellular radio network or a part of a second cellular radio network detected in the area of the internal network, by examining (3-5) if a frequency, which interferes with the base station of the internal network, has been taken into use in the external network.

12. An arrangement for redetermining the operating frequencies of base stations of an internal network, which is a first cellular radio network or a part of a first cellular radio network, when the operating frequencies have been earlier determined by frequency measurement but the operating conditions of the internal network have changed, characterized in that it includes data processing means (13, 14, 15, 16, 17) for the redetermination of the operating frequencies on the basis of a frequency measurement performed for an earlier determination and information of an external network, which is a second cellular radio network or a part of a second cellular radio network detected in the area of the internal network, has been taken into use in the external network, said data processing means including a database (17) for saving the operating frequencies in use at base stations of the external network.

REMARKS


This preliminary amendment is presented to place the application in proper form for examination. No new matter has been added. Early examination and favorable consideration of the above-identified application is earnestly solicited.

Attached hereto is a mark-up version of the changes made to the specification and claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "Version with markings to show changes made".

Any additional fees or charges required at this time in connection with the application may be charged to our Patent and Trademark Office Deposit Account No. 03-2412.

Respectfully submitted,
COHEN, PONTANI, LIEBERMAN & PAVANE

By: _____


Michael C. Stuart
Reg. No. 35,698
551 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1210
New York, N.Y. 10176
(212) 687-2770

16 January 2002

By Express Mail # EV052763405US · January 16, 2002

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION AND CLAIMS SHOWING CHANGES

The claims have been amended as follows:

1. A method for redetermining the operating frequencies of base stations of an internal network, which is a first cellular radio network or a part of a first cellular radio network [implemented indoors or in an otherwise restricted area], when the operating conditions of the internal network have changed, characterized in that the redetermination of the operating frequencies is performed on the basis of a frequency measurement performed for an earlier determination and information about a frequency plan of an external network, which is a second cellular radio network or a part of a second cellular radio network detected in the area of the internal network, by examining (3-5) if a frequency, which interferes with the base station of the internal network, has been taken into use in the external network.

12. An arrangement for redetermining the operating frequencies of base stations of an internal network, which is a first cellular radio network or a part of a first cellular radio network [implemented indoors or in an otherwise restricted area], when the operating frequencies have been earlier determined by frequency measurement but the operating conditions of the internal network have changed, characterized in that it includes data processing means (13, 14, 15, 16, 17) for the redetermination of the operating frequencies on the basis of a frequency measurement performed for an earlier determination and information of an external network, which is a second cellular radio network or a part of a second cellular radio network detected in the area of the internal network, has been taken into use in the

external network, said data processing means including a database (17) for saving the operating frequencies in use at base stations of the external network.

PTO/PCT Rec'd 16 JAN 2002

1

Method and arrangement for determining the operating frequencies of base stations of an internal network

5 The invention relates to redetermining the operating frequencies of base stations of a cellular radio network installed indoors, when the operating conditions of the internal network have changed from the previous situation.

10 Here an internal network means a cellular radio network or a part of a cellular radio network implemented indoors or in an otherwise restricted area. Here an external network means another cellular radio network or a part of a cellular radio network detected in the area of the internal network.

15 A problem with the known solutions is the fact that measurements have to be carried out again when changes have taken place in the operating frequencies of the base stations in the environment. This change causes a change of the spurious frequencies in the internal network, which may cause a deterioration in the quality of the connections of the internal network.

In addition, the need for a measuring device with sufficiently high capacity for performing a quick and accurate frequency scanning, due to the width of the frequency band to be measured, is a problem with the prior art solutions.

20 A known prior art publication number EP 0 716 555 A2 exists in which each base station of a cellular radio system performs repeated measurements on interference levels and selects into use such channels where the level of measured interference is low. Another known prior art publication number US 5,475,869 introduces an arrangement where also measurements describing interference from external networks are taken into account during channel allocation.

25 It is an objective of the invention to present a new, more advantageous solution for determining the operating frequencies of the base stations of the internal network and a method, which enables redetermination of the frequencies of the internal network without a new measurement of the interference level.

30 The invention relates to a method for redetermining the operating frequencies of the base stations of an internal network, when the operating conditions of the internal network have changed. The characteristic features of the method according to the

invention are recited in the characterising portion of the independent claim directed to a method.

Here a change in the operating conditions of the internal network means at least an increase or decrease of base stations of the external network, changing of the
5 operating frequencies and/or transmission powers and a change in the propagation of radiowaves caused by external conditions.

The invention also relates to an arrangement for redetermining the operating frequencies of the base stations of an internal network, which have earlier been determined by frequency measurement, when the operating conditions of the
10 internal network have changed. The characteristic features of the arrangement according to the invention are recited in the characterising portion of the independent claim directed to an arrangement.

A special device for measuring interfering frequencies in order to find suitable frequencies inside a building according to a secret patent application FI 981491
15 (Configuration method for a base station) of the same applicant is preferably used in the frequency measurement. The device is used to measure the intensity of the interference level at the frequencies used by the cellular network. The device is moved in the building in the desired area of the internal network for finding free frequencies. On the basis of the measurement, operating frequencies with a lower
20 interference level than the required field strength are charted for the base stations.

The spurious frequency spectrum is measured once in the area of the internal network, e.g. inside a building, plant area etc. for finding the frequency restrictions caused by the radio transmission of the external network to the internal network. The measurement data are transferred from the measuring device preferably by a
25 data call to the Network Management System (NMS). The measuring device is then preferably a special mobile station adapted for use in measurements. At first, the frequencies of the base stations of the internal network are selected on the basis of the measurement. The external network may later start interfering with the internal network strongly, if a frequency already being used in the internal network is taken
30 into use in a base station of the external network near the internal network. According to the invention, the original measurement and the frequency plans of the external network are used in the new planning of the frequencies of the internal network. Thus the area of the internal network need not be visited again for a new measurement.

The method functions especially well if it has been possible to measure and save during the measurement the cell information of radio transmissions of external cells that can be heard in the area of the internal network. If one of the frequencies being used in the internal network is given to a cell of the external network detected in the measurement, it is known for certain that the frequency of the base station of the internal network must be changed.

In addition, the frequencies selected for the use of the internal network can be checked after the selection by the measurement of the reception level and the Carrier/Interference ratio. This is preferably performed by a measuring device according to the invention.

Preferred embodiments of the invention are set forth in the dependent claims.

In the following, the invention will be described in greater detail with reference to the accompanying drawing, in which

Figure 1 is a flow chart of a method according to a preferred embodiment of the invention for selecting the operating frequencies of the internal network,

Figure 2 is a block diagram of an arrangement according to a preferred embodiment of the invention,

Figure 3 shows an example of a measurement route for measuring the interfering frequencies,

Figure 4 shows a saving form of the measurement results according to a preferred embodiment of the invention, and

Figure 5 is a flow chart of a method according to a preferred embodiment of the invention for finding the most suitable operating frequencies of the internal network.

Figures 1A and 1B show a divided flow chart of a method according to the invention for changing earlier determined operating frequencies of the internal network on the basis of the operating frequencies of the base stations of the external network and earlier measurement information.

Figure 1A illustrates the following. In the network control system, the results of the earlier measurement of the interfering frequency spectrum are preferably saved as grouped according to the base stations of the internal network 1.

- It is examined with the network control system if there are changes in the external network 2, which have not been handled with regard to the internal network. If there are changes that have not been handled, it is examined if the frequency used in the internal network has been taken into use in the external network 3. If the frequency taken into use in the base station of the external network is not in use in the internal network, the process returns to step 2 to examine if there are still changes of the external network, which have not yet been handled. Correspondingly, if it is found out in step 3 that the frequency taken into use in a base station of the external network is in use in the internal network, the process moves to examine if the base station being changed is the new base station installed now 4, which did not exist earlier in the surrounding cellular radio network. If the base station is new and possibly at an interfering distance, which can be discovered when the radio network is being planned, as a precaution the base station of the internal network, the frequency of which is used by the new base station of the external network, is changed to an interference-free frequency on the basis of an earlier measurement and changes of the external network 6. If the base station of the external network is not new and interferes with the internal network on the basis of an earlier measurement 5, the base station of the internal network, the frequency of which is used by a base station of the external network, is changed to an interference-free frequency on the basis of an earlier measurement and changes of the external network 6. If the base station of the external network is not new and has not been interfering before, the process returns to step 2 to examine if there are still changes of the external network left, which have not been handled yet. If there are no unhandled changes of the external network left 2, the process is stopped. It is clear to a person skilled in the art that in steps 3 to 5 of the method described above it is generally examined if a frequency used in a base station of the internal network has been taken into use in the external network, as a result of which an interference-free frequency is changed to the base station of the internal network on the basis of the earlier measurement and the frequencies of the external network, when required.
- From Fig. 1B it is seen how an interference-free frequency or a frequency which was originally interference-free and which has not been abandoned in the internal network because of frequency changes of the external network is selected on the basis of an earlier measurement and changes of the external network. In the first step, a first frequency is selected from the frequency range reserved for the internal network 7, which first frequency is not being used by such a base station of the internal network, which could cause interference to the base station for which a new interference-free frequency is being selected. In the next step it is examined if the

taken into use 10. If an earlier interference-free frequency has not remained such or a frequency which had interference earlier has not become interference-free, the next frequency, which is not being used by such a base station of the internal network, which could cause interference to the base station for which a new interference-free frequency is being selected, is selected from the frequency range of the internal network 12.

Fig. 2 is a block diagram of an arrangement according to the invention for redetermining the operating frequencies of base stations of the internal network, which have earlier been determined by frequency measurement, when the operating frequency of the base stations of the external network has been changed. The arrangement comprises a processor unit 13, which includes at least a processor A, a oscillator B for stepping the processor and a memory C, a display device 14, a data input device, such as a keyboard 15, a first database 16 for saving the measurement data of an earlier measurement and a second database 17 for saving the operating frequencies of the base stations of the external network. The processor 13 determines the new operating frequencies of the base stations of the internal network on the basis of input data, such as commands given from the keyboard 15, the information of the first database 16 and the second database 17 according to the flow charts of Figures 1A, 1B, for example.

The databases 16, 17 can also be saved in a separate storage element, such as the database of the control system of the mobile communication network. The operational blocks 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 shown in Fig. 2 can be placed alternatively in one or more separate computer devices. Suitable computer devices are a portable computer and a mobile station with multiple functions, for example.

Fig. 3 shows a map of a measuring route for measuring the interference levels indoors. A base station 19 of an internal network is situated in a room 18. The measurement is performed by circulating the base station 19 in the room 18, for example, along a route shown by the broken line 20, which goes to the corners of the room 18 and also close to the base station 19 in order to perform the interference measurement as comprehensively as possible.

Fig. 4 shows, by way of example, a saving form of measurement results, which contains the following information: frequency and interference level and if possible, the Base Station Identification Code (BSIC) and Base Transceiver Station Identification (BTS_ID) of the base station of the external network, which produces the radio transmission. The base station identification code typically consists of the

colour codes of the general mobile communication network and the base station. The base transceiver station identification typically consists of the following parts: the Mobile Country Code (MCC), the Mobile Network Code (MNC), the Location Area Code (LAC) and the base station code.

- 5 Fig. 5 shows a flow chart of a method according to the invention for finding the most suitable operating frequencies of the internal network with regard to one frequency to be examined. In step 22, the signal strengths (Rx Level) received are measured, while the base station of the internal network transmits a signal on a Broadcast Control Channel (BCCH) selected for the test on the same measurement
10 route as above in Fig. 3, for example. The measurement is performed both on the broadcast control channel selected for the test and all the frequencies to be compared. This provides the information whether the transmission of the broadcast control channel is heard in the area of the internal network and whether the interference is heard in the frequencies to be compared. Of the measurement
15 samples of the signal strength of the broadcast control channel, 90% have to be higher than the minimum value set in advance, step 23. This minimum value is preferably -77 dBm. Because the propagation of the radiowaves in the frequencies used in the system is practically the same, the measurement of the signal strength performed on the selected frequency is also valid at other possible operating
20 frequencies. Here a possible operating frequency means a frequency which was found to be valid in an earlier interference measurement. If the criterion of the signal strength is not met, the audibility is not sufficient but weak, step 24.

- When the criterion of the signal strength is met, the Carrier/Interference (C/I) ratio is also calculated in step 25 on the measurement route for all possible operating
25 frequencies by using the samples of the signal strength of the broadcast control channel measured earlier and an interference measurement carried out on the frequencies to be compared. An estimate of the C/I ratio is obtained here by dividing the signal strength received on the broadcast control channel by a signal strength received at the frequency to be compared. Due to the structure of the
30 cellular network, all the frequencies include some signal strength, which is received from other parts of the cellular network. However, the frequency used in the broadcast control channel during the measurement cannot be compared to spurious transmissions on the same channel. In step 26 it is examined whether the C/I ratio is sufficient in all the samples. The sample-specific minimum value of the C/I ratio is
35 preferably 12 dB. If the criterion is not met, the frequency has too much interference, step 27.

In addition to this, the suitability of the channel is estimated by measuring the strength of the adjacent channels so that in addition to measuring if the limit of the C/I ratio, 12 dB, has been reached, the strength of the adjacent channels is also measured for all the samples. The strength must not exceed by more than a certain limit in either channel the signal strength of the broadcast control channel, on which a signal is transmitted for measurement, step 28. The adjacent channel is generally allowed by be stronger by 9 dB at the most, because then the channels can be separated with the frequency accuracy of transmission and reception. If there is a stronger radio transmission on the adjacent channel, it is heard on the actual channel in spite of the channel separation 29. When all the criteria examined in steps 23, 26, 28, are met, the frequency is suitable 30.

At the end of all the measures, the measurement data are saved in a special file e.g. in the following manner.

BCCH	BSIC	C/I limit	Audibility limit	90% audibility limit
52	2	12 dB	-87 dBm	-77 dBm
			Portion exceeding the limit	Portion exceeding the limit
			100%	100%

Table 1

Table 1 shows the number 52 of the broadcast control channel (BCCH) used for transmission and the base station identification code (BSIC) 2, the limit of an acceptable C/I ratio, 12 dB, absolute audibility limit -87 dBm, the audibility limit -77 dBm required of 90% of the samples, and next the relative proportions that exceed the audibility limits, here 100%.

BCCH	BSIC	Average C/I	Acceptable samples
74	2	3.5 dB	17.4%
76	2	9.1 dB	34.8%
68	4	15.8 dB	60.9%
49	5	17.0 dB	63.0%
25	2	23.7 dB	76.1%
65	1	30.7 dB	82.6%
30	1	30.5 dB	82.6%
39	6	28.9 dB	84.8%
72	3	27.0 dB	87.0%
26	3	34.7 dB	91.3%
62	5	33.2 dB	95.6%
35	5	49.5 dB	97.8%
41	5	40.7 dB	97.8%
21	5	40.7 dB	100.0%
51	3	21.9 dB	100.0%
46	1	34.7 dB	100.0%
36	5	43.5 dB	100.0%

Table 2

Table 2 shows the number of the channel (BCCH) being listened to and the Base Station Identification Code (BSIC), average C/I ratio and a portion of samples of the measurement acceptable for the interference limit, in which $C/I > 12$ dB.

The table can also be complemented by a column to indicate the interference caused by adjacent channels to each channel. Advantageously it can also indicate which channel causes interference to a certain channel.

The table is also used to establish the order of suitability of the operating frequencies.

Let us discuss as an example the addition of a base station to the external network and the introduction of a new frequency in the new base station to be added. For the internal network the frequency spectrum is measured at first, whereby at least the interference levels at different frequencies of the frequency range are determined, but also the identifier of the cell transmitting the signal, if the identifier can be received correctly. Later, the base station is added to the external network and a new frequency plan is loaded. The old and the new frequency plan are used together

with the measurement data of the frequency spectrum to establish whether a frequency used by the internal network has been taken into use in a base station of an external cell in the vicinity, whereby a new frequency has to be changed for the base station of the internal network. The frequency is selected from a table formed
5 on the basis of the frequency plans of the external network and the frequency spectrum measured before the change. However, it is not always possible to know for certain from which base station the earlier interference came, especially if the identification information of the cells corresponding to the interference are not available. However, the base station which is the most likely to produce a certain
10 radio transmission can be concluded on the basis of a chart of the external network, if a chart indicating the location of the base stations is available.

It should also be noted that the measurement of the frequency spectrum of the area of the internal network can be limited to the frequency range used by the internal network, and the frequency range used by the whole system need not be measured.
15 Measurement can be done quicker because of this. The measuring device can be a mobile station equipped with special programs, for example.

In this connection, an interfering transmission means a radio signal transmitted by a base station of the external network, which is audible in the area of the internal network.

20 The invention is not limited merely to the above examples of application, but many modifications thereof are possible within the scope of the inventive idea defined by the attached claims. Especially it is to be noted that the invention can also be applied in other systems than the GSM system mentioned above. An example of other systems is the Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS).

Claims

1. A method for redetermining the operating frequencies of base stations of an internal network, which is a first cellular radio network or a part of a first cellular radio network implemented indoors or in an otherwise restricted area, when the operating conditions of the internal network have changed, characterized in that the redetermination of the operating frequencies is performed on the basis of a frequency measurement performed for an earlier determination and information about a frequency plan of an external network, which is a second cellular radio network or a part of a second cellular radio network detected in the area of the internal network, by examining (3-5) if a frequency, which interferes with the base station of the internal network, has been taken into use in the external network.
2. A method according to Claim 1, characterized in that it includes the following steps:
- saving (1) the results of an earlier measurement, and
 - if an interfering frequency is detected (3-5), changing (6) an interference-free frequency to the base station of the internal network on the basis of an earlier measurement and the information about the frequency plan of the external network.
3. A method according to Claim 1, characterized in that of the results of the earlier measurement, at least the frequency and the interference level and the identification information of that base station of the external network, which produces the interfering transmission, are saved (1) for the base stations of the internal network.
4. A method according to Claim 1, characterized in that when it is noticed that a base station recognized on the basis of an earlier measurement receives (9) in the new frequency plan a frequency already being used in a base station of the internal network, the frequency of the internal network is changed (6) to an interference-free frequency.
5. A method according to Claim 1, characterized in that when it is noticed that a base station recognized on the basis of an earlier measurement receives (9) in the new frequency plan a frequency which interferes with a frequency already being used in a base station of the internal network, the frequency of the base station of the internal network is changed (6) to an interference-free frequency.

6. A method according to Claim 1, characterized in that when it is detected (11) from the frequency plan that a frequency that was used by the external network and found to be affected by interference in an earlier measurement has become interference-free because it is not used any more, this frequency is taken into use by the internal network.

7. A method according to Claim 1, characterized in that it also includes the following steps for checking the suitability of the frequency to be taken into use:

- measuring (22) the signal strength (Rx Level) received in the area of the internal network in the measurement route when the base station of the internal network transmits a signal on the broadcast control channel (BCCH),

- examining (23) if a certain predetermined proportion of the measurement samples of the signal strength is higher than a minimum value set in advance.

8. A method according to Claim 7, characterized in that the C/I ratio is calculated (25) by using the measured samples of the signal strength (Rx Level) of the broadcast control channel (BCCH) and the interference measurement performed on the frequencies to be compared.

9. A method according to Claim 8, characterized in that

- it is examined (26) if the C/I ratio is better than a certain predetermined minimum value in all the samples, and

- the frequency is accepted (30) if the signal strength is sufficient and the C/I ratio is better than a certain limit.

10. A method according to Claim 7, characterized in that in addition, to prevent the crosstalk of an adjacent channel, a measurement and examination (28) for accepting (30) the frequency is performed.

11. A method according to Claim 10, characterized in that the strength of both adjacent channels is at the most by a certain predetermined maximum value higher than the signal strength of the channel being considered.

12. An arrangement for redetermining the operating frequencies of base stations of an internal network, which is a first cellular radio network or a part of a first cellular radio network implemented indoors or in an otherwise restricted area, when the operating frequencies have been earlier determined by frequency measurement but

the operating conditions of the internal network have changed, **characterized** in that it includes data processing means (13, 14, 15, 16, 17) for the redetermination of the operating frequencies on the basis of a frequency measurement performed for an earlier determination and information of an external network, which is a second cellular radio network or a part of a second cellular radio network detected in the area of the internal network, said data processing means including a database (17) for saving the operating frequencies in use at base stations of the external network.

13. An arrangement according to Claim 12, **characterized** in that it includes

- a first database (16) for saving the information of a measurement performed earlier,

- a second database (17) for saving the operating frequencies of base stations of the external network, and

- a processor (13) for the redetermination of the operating frequencies of base stations of the internal network carried out on the basis of the information of the first database and the second database.

14. An arrangement according to Claim 13, **characterized** in that the first database (16) comprises information about frequencies measured in an earlier measurement and the interference levels measured in them.

15. An arrangement according to Claim 14, **characterized** in that the information of at least one measured frequency comprise identification information of a base station of the external network detected at the frequency in question.

16. An arrangement according to Claim 14, **characterized** in that the first database (16) also comprises the following earlier measured pieces of information for checking the suitability of the frequency taken into use:

- the signal strength (Rx Level) received when the base station of the internal network transmits a signal on the broadcast control channel (BCCH),

17. An arrangement according to Claim 16, **characterized** in that the data saved earlier also comprise the C/I ratio, which has been calculated by using the samples of the signal strength (Rx Level) received on the broadcast control channel (BCCH) and the interference measurement carried out on other frequencies.

10-031,417

1/4

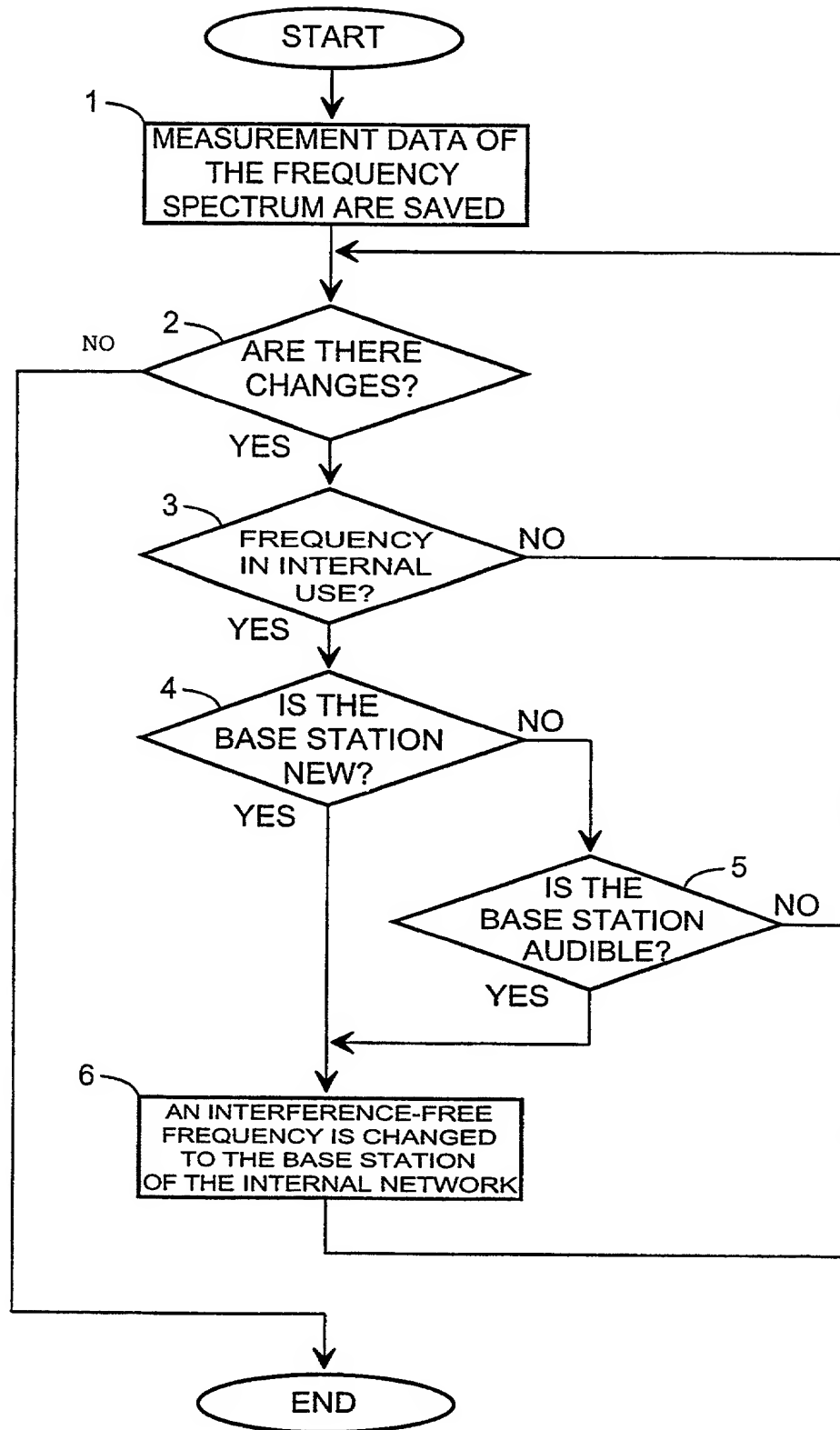


FIG. 1A

2/4

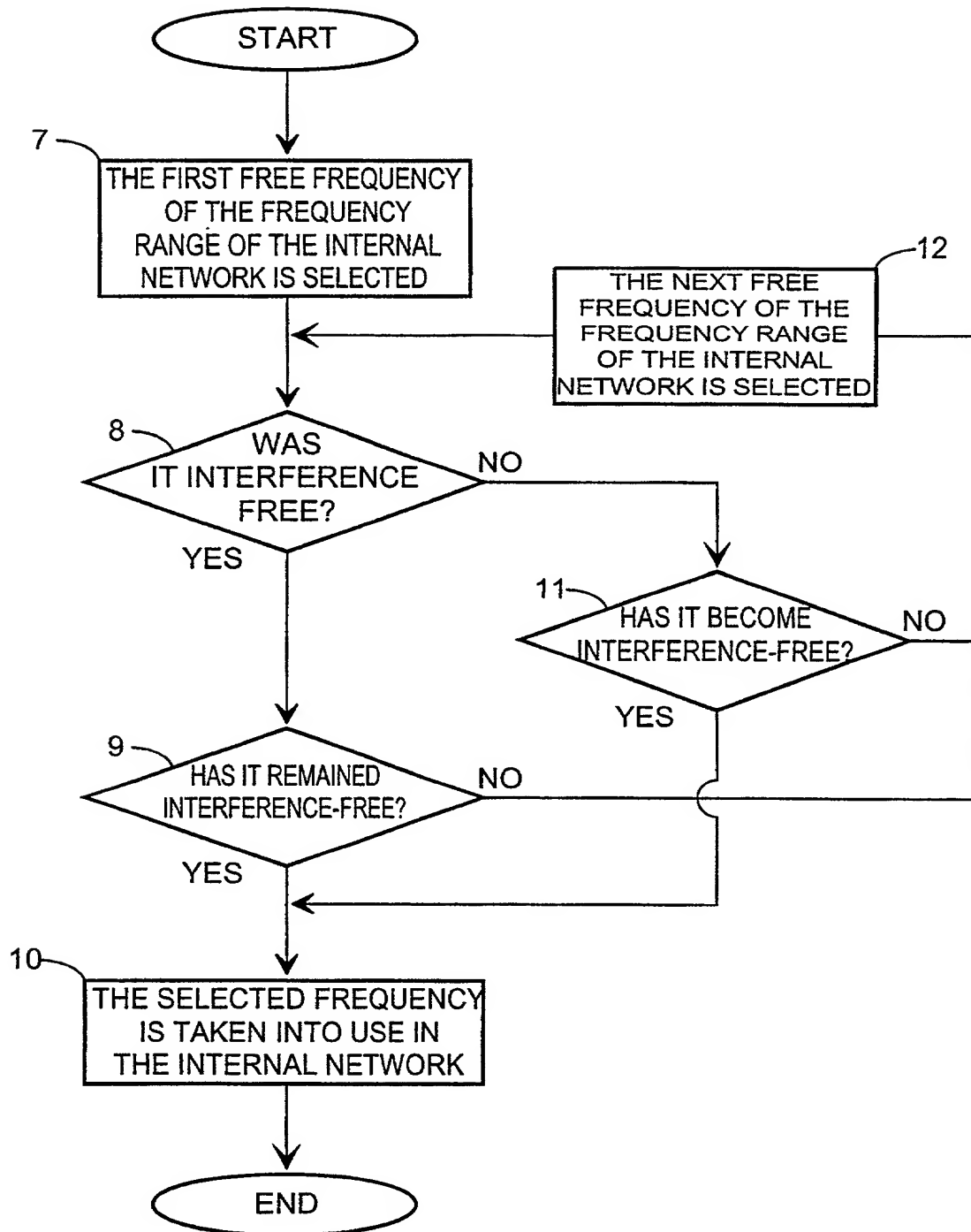


FIG. 1B

10-031,417

3/4

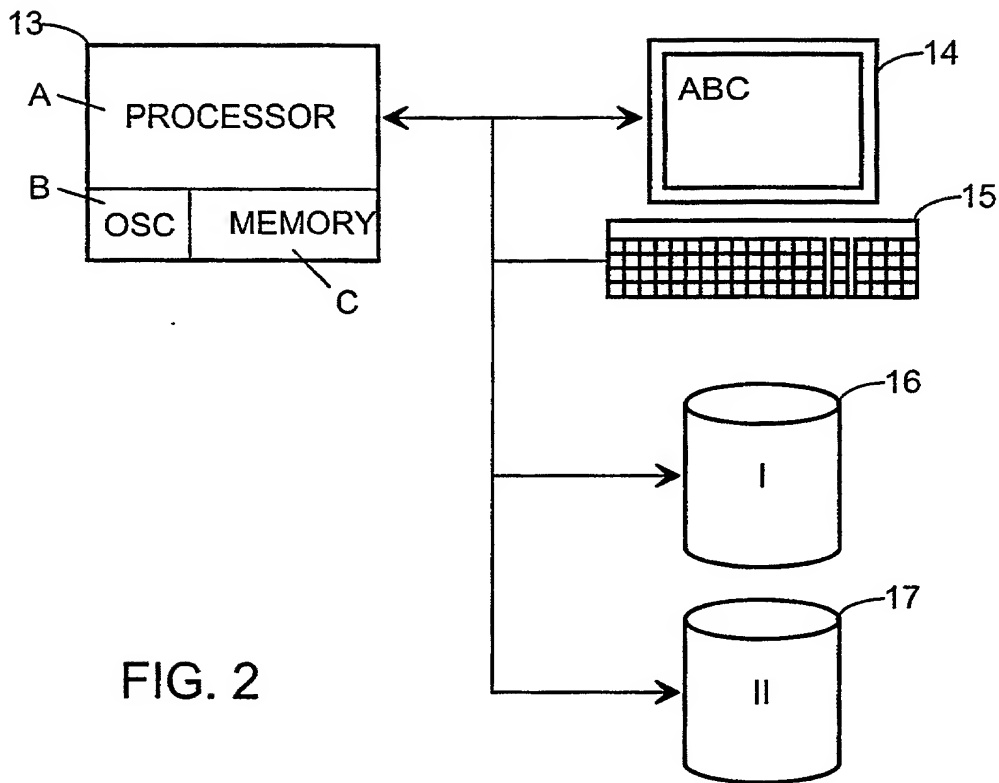


FIG. 2

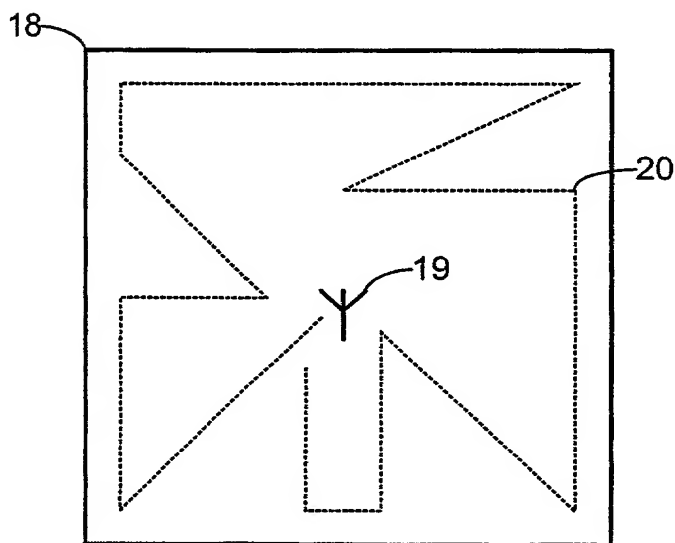


FIG. 3

21	FREQUENCY	INTERFERENCE LEVEL	BSIC	BTS_ID
----	-----------	--------------------	------	--------

FIG. 4

10-031, 417

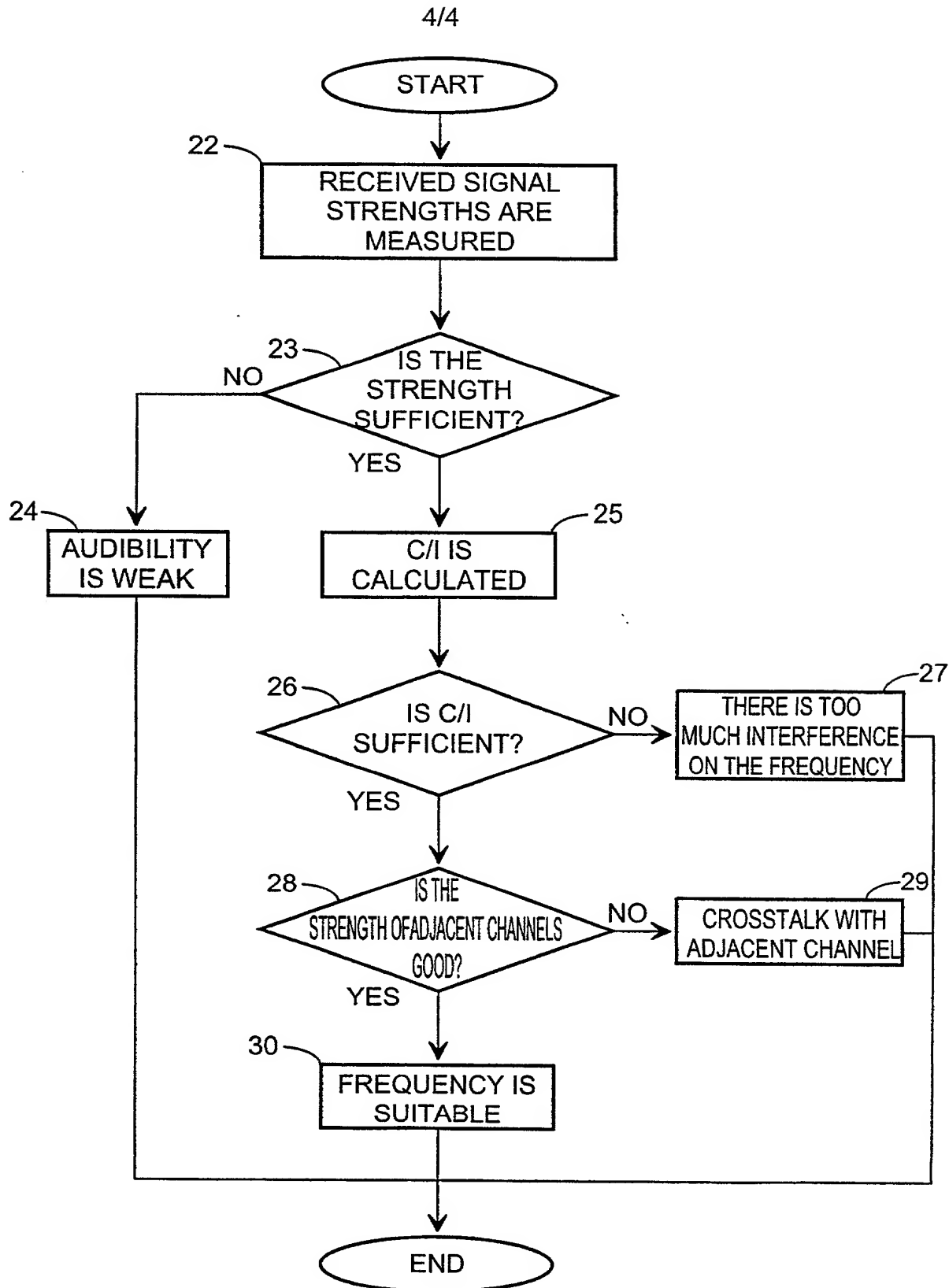


FIG. 5

COMBINED DECLARATION FOR PATENT APPLICATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
Includes Reference to PCT International Applications

Attorney's Docket
No. 4925-199PUS

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**METHOD AND ARRANGEMENT FOR DETERMINING THE OPERATING FREQUENCIES OF BASE STATIONS OF AN
INTERNAL NETWORK**

the specification of which (check only one item below)

☐ is attached hereto

☐ was filed as United States application

Serial No. _

on _

and was amended

on _ (if applicable).

☒ was filed as PCT international application

Number PCT/FI00/00657

on 21 July 2000

and was amended under PCT Article 19

on _ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of the application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed.

PRIOR FOREIGN/PCT APPLICATIONS AND ANY PRIORITY CLAIMS UNDER 35 U.S.C. 119:

Country (if PCT, indicate "PCT")	Application Number	Date of Filing (day, month, year)	Priority Claimed Under 35 U.S.C. 119	
Finland	991643	23 July 1999	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
PCT	PCT/FI00/00657	21 July 2000	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	<input type="checkbox"/> NO

Combined Declaration for Patent Application and Power of Attorney (Continued)
(Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)

Attorney's Docket No.
4925-199PUS

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) or PCT international application(s) designating the United States of America that is/are listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in that/those prior application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application(s) and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

PRIOR U.S. APPLICATIONS OR PCT INTERNATIONAL APPLICATIONS DESIGNATING THE U.S. FOR BENEFIT UNDER 35 U.S.C. 120:

U.S. APPLICATIONS		STATUS (check one)		
U.S. APPLICATION NUMBER	U.S. FILING DATE	PATENTED	PENDING	ABANDONED
PCT APPLICATIONS DESIGNATING THE U.S.				
PCT APPLICATION NO	PCT FILING DATE	U.S. SERIAL NUMBERS ASSIGNED (if any)		
PCT/FI00/00657	21 July 2000		X	

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (List name and registration number)

MYRON COHEN, Reg. No. 17,358; THOMAS C. PONTANI, Reg. No. 29,763; LANCE J. LIEBERMAN, Reg. No. 28,437; MARTIN B. PAVANE, Reg. No. 28,337; MICHAEL C. STUART, Reg. No. 35,698; KLAUS P. STOFFEL, Reg. No. 31,668; EDWARD WEISZ, Reg. No. 37,257; VINCENT M. FAZZARI, Reg. No. 26,879; JULIA S. KIM, Reg. No. 36,567; ALFRED FROEBRICH, Reg. No. 38,887; ALFRED H. HEMINGWAY, JR., Reg. No. 26,736; KENT H. CHENG, Reg. No. 33,849; YUNLING REN, Reg. No. 47,019; ROGER S. THOMPSON, Reg. No. 29,594; BRICE FALLER, Reg. No. 29,532; DAVID J. ROSENBLUM, Reg. No. 37,709; TONY CHEN, Reg. No. 44,607; ELI WEISS, Reg. No. 17,765.

Send correspondence to:

Michael C. Stuart
Reg. No. 35,698
Cohen, Pontani, Lieberman & Pavane
551 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1210
New York, New York 10176

Direct Telephone calls to
(name and telephone number)
Michael C. Stuart
(212) 687-2770

2001	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME SUONVIERI	FIRST GIVEN NAME Jukka	SECOND GIVEN NAME
	RESIDENCE, CITIZENSHIP	CITY Tampere FIY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY Finland	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP Finland
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS Jenseninkatu 27 B	CITY Tampere	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY FIN-33610 Finland
2002	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME PARKKALI	FIRST GIVEN NAME Rauli	SECOND GIVEN NAME
	RESIDENCE, CITIZENSHIP	CITY Helsinki FIY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY Finland	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP Finland
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS Urheilukatu 18B 28	CITY Helsinki	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY FIN-00250 Finland

Combined Declaration for Patent Application and Power of Attorney (Continued) (Includes Reference to PCT International Applications)				Attorney's Docket No. 4925-199PUS
2 0 3	FULL NAME OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME	FIRST GIVEN NAME	SECOND GIVEN NAME
	RESIDENCE, CITIZENSHIP	CITY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE & ZIP CODE/COUNTRY
<p>I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under §1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.</p>				
SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 201		SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 202		SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 203
DATE 01.02.2002		DATE 02.2.2002		DATE